focus undergo changes in response to new challenges and developments around the world and in the neighbourhood. As a result, there is a greater sensitivity to our core concerns.

Trade between India and Afghanistan

1710. MISS MABEL REBELLO: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 250 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 21 st November, 2002 and state:

(a) the other alternative routes of trade between India and Afghanistan; and

(b) the details of the items which are traded between both the countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH): (a) India and Afghanistan trade and economic relations continue to strengthen through commercially available channels and routes including through Bandarabbas and Chabahar ports in Iran, and through Uzbekistan, and Turkmenistan.

(b) the major items that are traded between India and Afghanistan include tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes, rubber and articles thereof, cotton articles of apparel and clothing, and edible fruits and nuts.

Economic co-operation with Japan

1711. MISS MABEL REBELLO: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the details of India's proposed economic cooperation with Japan, which was agreed by the Prime Minister during his meeting with the Japanese Prime Minister in September this year;

(b) the details of the proposed joint fight of India and Japan against global terrorism; and

(c) what is the current status of the ongoing developmental projects in the country with Japanese collaboration?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH); (a) Phme Ministers of India and Japan during their meeting in New York on 12 September 2002 agreed that they look fonward to further promoting bilateral relations in accordance with the